WEEK 14(Nov. 4th to 8th):

The break statement can be used to jump out of a for loop. The continue statement can be used to jump out of the current iteration of a loop, and continue with the next.

PHP has over 1000 built-in functions that can be called directly, from within a script, to perform a specific task. Besides the built-in PHP functions, it is possible to create your own functions.

* A function is a block of statements that can be used repeatedly in a program.
* A function will not execute automatically when a page loads.
* A function will be executed by a call to the function.

A user-defined function declaration starts with the keyword function, followed by the name of the function:

function myMessage() {

echo "Hello world!";

}

An array is a special variable that can hold many values under a single name, and you can access the values by referring to an index number or name. An array stores multiple values in one single variable:

$cars = array("Volvo", "BMW", "Toyota");

Superglobals were introduced in PHP 4.1.0, and are built-in variables that are always available in all scopes. Some predefined variables in PHP are "superglobals", which means that they are always accessible, regardless of scope - and you can access them from any function, class or file without having to do anything special. The PHP superglobal variables are:

$GLOBALS

$\_SERVER

$\_REQUEST

$\_POST

$\_GET

$\_FILES

$\_ENV

$\_COOKIE

$\_SESSION